

Coding & Documentation¹

| Specificity | Use additional code (if applicable) | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Document: | Use of insulin, oral hypoglcemics and injectable non-insulin drugs | | | |
| • Type of diabetes | IF documentation indicates: | THEN assign code(s): | | |
| Body system affected Complication/manifestation affecting the body system | Insulin and diabetes (type unspecified) | E11 – Type 2 diabetes mellitus Z79 – Long-term (current) use of insulin or oral hypoglycemic drugs | | |
| "History of" | Oral antidiabetic medication and insulin | Z79.4 – Long-term (current) use of insulin | | |
| Avoid using the phrase "history of" when the condition is being monitored. | Insulin and injectable non-insulin antidiabetic drugs | Z79.4 – Long-term (current) use of insulin Z79.899 – Other long-term (current) drug therapy | | |
| Incorrect: Patient has a history of diabetes. Correct: Patient has type 2 diabetes, currently controlled with insulin. | Oral hypoglycemic drugs & injectable non- insulin antidiabetic drugs | Z79.84 – Long-term (current) use of oral hypoglycemic drugs Z79.899 – Other long-term (current) drug therapy | | |

"With"

Diabetes mellitus complications listed after the term "with" in the alphabetic index have a presumed causal relationship and do not have to be linked by the provider.

- Do not link conditions when documentation clearly states they are unrelated or when another guideline exists that specifically requires a documented linkage between two conditions.
- For conditions not specifically linked by "with," the provider documentation must link the conditions to code them as related.

The educational material herein complies with accepted ICD-10 guidelines and is for general supplemental purposes only. This information is not guaranteed to be complete, free of errors, or the most current revision. It is the responsibility of the provider to document accurate and complete codes, clinical rationale, and medical services rendered to support appropriate ICD-10 code(s) according to official billing and coding guidelines, procedures, and regulations.



| Туре | ICD-10-CM | | Use combination codes and additional codes when appropriate. Follow ICD-10 guidelines for code assignment and sequencing. The examples below are not all-inclusive. Codes are assigned based on provider documentation of condition and diagnosis. | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Primary | Category | 4th | Complication | Conditions with assumed relationship | Condition and link MUST be documented | Code also (if applicable) | | |
| Туре 1 | E10 | .0- | hyperosmolarity | hyperosmolarity with or without coma | | | | |
| | | .1- | ketoacidosis | ketoacidosis with or without coma | | | | |
| Type 2 | E11 | .2- | kidney | chronic kidney disease (CKD), glomerulonephrosis, glomerulosclerosis, Kimmelstiel-Wilson disease, nephropathy, renal tubular degeneration | renal complication (necrotizing entercolitis (NEC)), microalbuminemia, proteinuria | CKD stage (N18.1–N18.6) acute renal failure (N17.9) | | |
| Other | E13 | .3- | ophthalmic | cataract, retinopathy, macular edema, retinal detachment | ophthalmic complication (NEC), blindness, glaucoma, retinal ischemia, vitreous hemorrhage, rubeosis iridis | CKD stage (N18.1–N18.6) acute renal failure (N17.9) | | |
| Due to other condition | E08 | .4- | neurological | amyotrophy, autonomic (poly) neuropathy, gastroparalysis, gastroparesis, loss of protective sensation (LOPS), mononeuropathy, myasthenia, neuralgia, neuropathy, polyneuropathy | neurologic complication (NEC), cranial nerve palsy, neuropathic ulcer | | | |
| | | .5- | circulatory | gangrene, peripheral angiopathy, peripheral vascular disease (PVD) or peripheral artery disease (PAD) with or without gangrene | circulatory complication (NEC), ischemic or stasis ulcer, atherosclerosis, coronary artery disease | | | |
| Drug- or chemical- induced | E09 | .6- | other | Charcot joint, dermatitis, foot ulcer, hyperglycemia, hypoglycemia, necrobiosis lipoidica, neuropathic arthropathy, osteomyelitis, periodontal disease | arthropathy (NEC), oral complication (NEC), skin complication (NEC), other specified complication (NEC), cellulitis, erectile dysfunction, limited joint mobility, obesity, high cholesterol, hypertension | site of ulcer (L97, L98) | | |
| | | .8- | unspecified | | | | | |
| | | .9- | without complication | | | | | |

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Example 1:

Diabetes Type II and Cellulitis of Lower Left Leg

- If the provider **does** make the link that cellulitis is due to diabetes:
 - · Code: E11.628 type 2 diabetes mellitus with other skin complications; L03.116 cellulitis of left lower limb
- If the provider does **not** make the link that cellulitis is due to diabetes:
 - Code: E11.9 type 2 diabetes mellitus; L03.116 cellulitis of left lower limb

Rationale: Cellulitis is not listed as a specific condition under the word "with" and instead falls under "skin complication NEC."

Example 2:

Peripheral Neuropathy and Diabetes

- If provider does **not** indicate mono- or poly-, use MEAT² to support the appropriate code selection. Otherwise:
 - Code: Exx.40 diabetes mellitus with diabetic neuropathy, unspecified
- If **peripheral neuropathy** is documented, default to polyneuropathy³ if MEAT indicates location of the symptoms. (In the alphabetic index, unspecified peripheral neuropathy is coded as G62.9 for polyneuropathy, unspecified.)
 - Code: Exx.42 diabetes mellitus with diabetic polyneuropathy
- If diabetic autonomic peripheral neuropathy is specifically documented:
 - Code: Exx.43 diabetes mellitus with diabetic autonomic (poly)neuropathy

Rationale: An automatic link can be made to code diabetes mellitus with neurological complications if both conditions have been documented as active or current.

Polyneuropathy is damage or disease affecting peripheral nerves in roughly the same areas on both sides of the body. It usually begins in the hands and feet. It may progress to the arms and legs, and sometimes to other parts of the body where it may affect the autonomic nervous system.

Mono-: Damage or abnormal sensation to one nerve, such as "one foot"

Poly-: Damage or abnormal sensation to multiples nerves, such as "both feet," "both hands" or "all extremities"

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- 2 MEAT: Monitoring, Evaluating, Assessing/Addressing, Treating
- 3 AHA Coding Clinic, First Quarter 2013, Page 3, Bilateral Peripheral Neuropathy.

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| HEDIS® | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Annual HbA1c Testing | Statin Therapy | Kidney Evaluation for Patients with Diabetes | Blood Pressure Control | Eye Exam | | | |
| < 8% is controlled (submit lab values) CPT® Code(s): 83036 CPT II Code(s) 3044F, 3051F | Received statin therapy Dispensed at least one statin medication of any intensity Statin adherence 80% Remained on statin medication of any intensity for at least 80% of treatment period | Estimated glomerular filtration rate (eGFR) CPT Code(s): 80047, 80048, 80050, 80053, 80069, 82565 Urine albumin-creatinine ration (uACR) CPT Code(s): 82043, 82570 | Blood pressure < 140/90 controlled CPT Code(s): Diastolic < 80 — 3078F Diastolic 80-89 — 3079F Systolic < 130 — 3074F Systolic 130-139 — 3075F Remote blood pressure monitoring | Retinal screening CPT Code(s): 67028, 67030, 67031, 67036, 67039–67043, 67101, 67105, 67107, 67108, 67110, 67113, 67121, 67141, 67145, 67208, 67210, 67218, 67220, 67221, 67227, 67228, 92002, 92004, 92012, 92014, 92018, 92019, 92134, 92225, 99226, 92230, 92235, 92240, 92250, 92260, 99203–99205, 99213–99215, 99242–99245 | | | |
| Members ages 18–75 with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who were compliant with HbA1c control | Members ages 40–75 with diabetets who do not have clinical atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease (ASCVD) | Members ages 18–75 with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who received a kidney health evaluation, defined by an estimated eGFR and a uACR | CPT Code(s): 93784, 93788, 93790 Members ages 18–75 with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who had blood pressure control (< 140/90 mm Hg) | CPT II Code(s): 2022F, 2023–2026F, 2033F, 3072F Unilateral eye enucleation CPT Code(s): 65091, 65093, 65101, 65103, 65105, 65110, 65112, 65114 Members ages 18–75 with diabetes (type 1 or type 2) who had a retinal eye exam performed | | | |

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